

Overview of Energy Efficiency Policies and Programmes for SMEs in Italy

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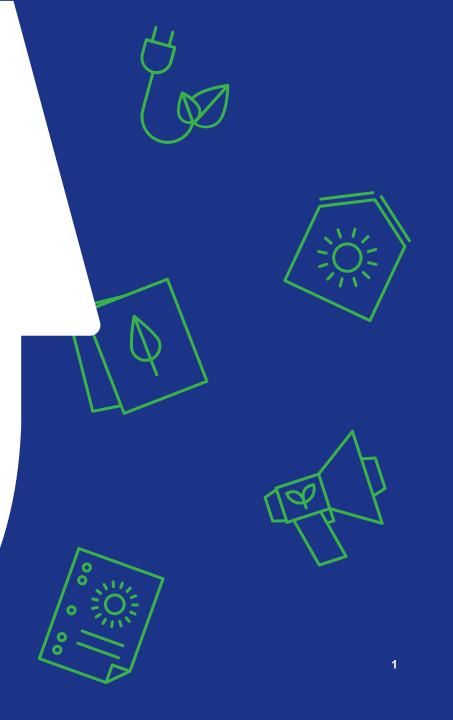


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Energy Audit policies to drive Energy Efficiency

9 National Energy Agencies

supported by:

- 9 Ministries of 8 different EU Countries
- 2 International associations of Energy Agencies
- **4** Further National Agencies

18 National SMEs associations, Chambers of Commerce, Regional Authorities





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Main goals

- Mapping and understanding the complex context of national and local support to SMEs
- Proposing effective and realistic solutions to policy makers and policy implementers in terms of policy schemes, cross-cutting policy solutions embracing both energy and non-energy benefits, policy recommendations
- Knowledge sharing (successes, barriers and failures) on national policies

www.leap4sme.eu





Introduction

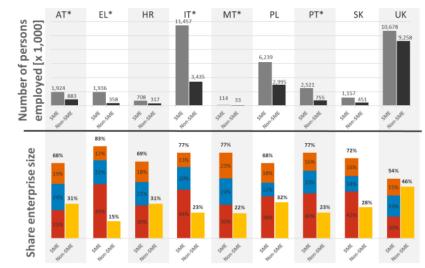
Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) are the backbone of the European economy

Italy (2019)

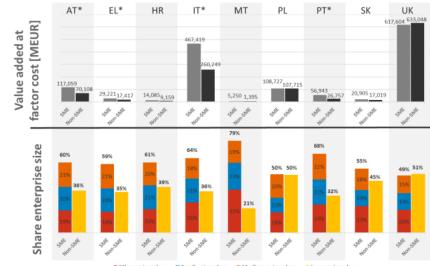
3,708,610 SMEs

- ✓ More than <u>99% of all enterprises are SMEs (95% Micro enterprises)</u>
- ✓ SMEs generate <u>70% of overall value added</u> in the Italian 'non-financial business economy', exceeding the EU average of 56.4%
- ✓ The share of employment generated by SMEs is even larger, at 78.1%, compared to the EU average of 66.6%.

Source: D2.1 Mapping SMEs in Europe: Data collection, analysis and methodologies for estimating energy consumptions at Country levels, AEA <u>Deliverables | LEAP4SME</u>









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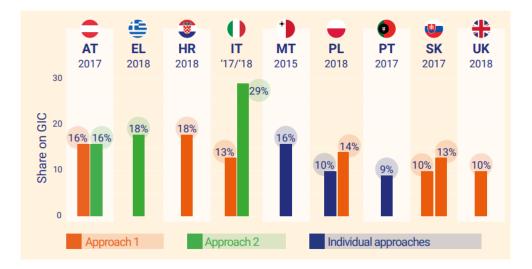
Micro enterprises Small enterprises Medium enterprises Large enterprises

SMEs: energy consumption and energy efficiency

The research revealed that no energy-related data for SMEs were published at European level.

✓ At a national level, the quality of existing energyrelated data for SMEs was generally insufficient to provide a sound scientific-based support to the policy making cycle.

Sources analysed: IEA, Eurostat, EIB, OECD, EC studies and initiatives, national energy plans, interviews with experts in the partner National Agencies, 63 EU funded projects on energy efficiency/SMEs/enterprises, peer reviewed publications and main conferences on energy efficiency in Europe.



Hypothesis, methodologies and assumptions explained in the LEAP4SME report "Mapping SMEs in Europe: Data collection, analysis and methodologies for estimating energy consumptions at Country level"





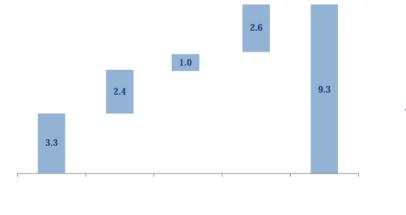
Italy Energy Efficiency Targets

Achieved energy savings by sector, period 2011-2020 and expected for 2020 (final energy, Mtoe/year) according to the 2017 NEEAP

Measure	White rtificates	deductions *	Conto Termico	resa 4.0	uctural funds	for mation and training Plan	Marebonus e Ferrobonus	192/05 e s. 26/6/15	t Working	ity Regulation High Speed	Energy savings achieved	Energy savings expected	Achieved target
Sector	Cer V	Tax de	0 2	Impr	Struct	Infor n trair	Mare	D.Lgs. 19 D.Lgs.	Smart	Community and Hig	in 2020	by 2020	(%)
Residential	0.76	3.49	0.2	-	-	0.04		1.84			6,33	3,67	172,5%
Services	0.16	0.03	0.07	-	0.03	0.01		0.09	0.43		0,82	1,23	66,6%
Industry	2.24	0.05	-	0.58	02	0.05		0.17			3,29	5,1	64,5%
Transport	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	0.16			2.12	2,29	5,5	41,6%
Total	3.17	3.57	0.27	0.58	0.23	1	0.16	2.1	0.43	2.12	12,73	15,5	82,1%

Source: ENEA elaboration of data from the Ministry of Economic Development, Ministry of infrastructures and transport, ISTAT, Gestore dei Servizi Energetici S.p.A., ENEA, FIAIP

National Energy and Climate Plan 2021-2030 estimated annual savings forming the subject of the 2030 target by sector



Residential

Tertiary Industry

Transport Total



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Energy Efficiency Policies and Innovation Programmes for SMEs in Italy

Promotion of EE

- ✓ White Certificates
- ✓ RE for cooling and heating scheme
- ✓ National Energy Efficiency Fund
- ✓ Italy in Class A
- ✓ Energy Intensive Industry Programme

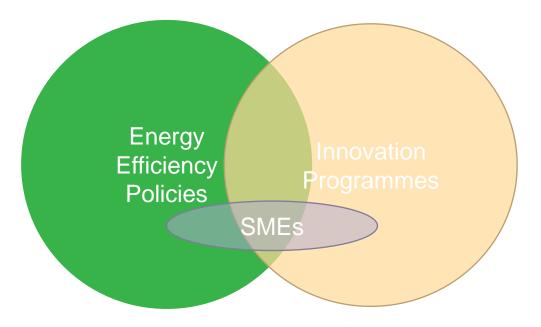
Innovation

- ✓ National Plan for Industry 4.0
- ✓ New National Transition Plan 4.0
- ✓ National Innovation Plan 4.0
- ✓ R&D projects of circular economy

Promotion of EE in SMEs

✓ Regional actions for Eas in SMEs

Other programmes devoted to innovation in SMEs







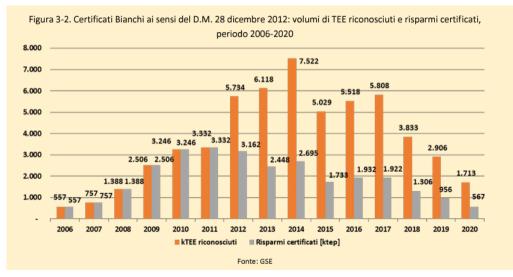
National Energy Efficiency schemes and programmes targeted also to SMEs White Certificates

White Certificates (WhC) constitute the most relevant scheme for promoting energy efficiency in Italy.

WhC scheme is based on the obligation, placed on electricity and natural gas distributors with more than 50,000 domestic and non-domestic customers, to achieve a quantified target of energy savings yearly. These savings can be achieved through energy efficiency actions among end-users and are assessed using tons of oil equivalent as measurement unit.

2005 -2019 end-use savings achieved from WhCs equal to 6.02 Mtoe

No public availability of data to identify SMEs throughout the whole scheme implementation !







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Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development

National Energy Efficiency schemes and programmes targeted also to SMEs White Certificates

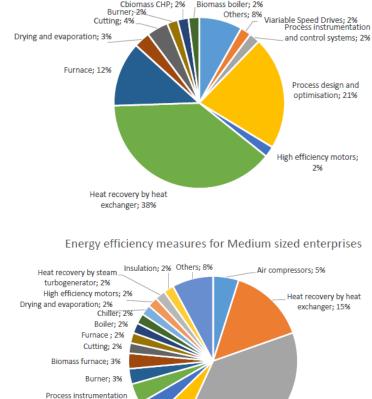
Sample of 850 energy proposals evaluated

497 EE measures are referred to SMEs split in half between medium and small enterprises.

Many of those interventions are referred to the Industrial sector:

- \checkmark 30% process control and optimization,
- ✓ 26% heat recovery through heat exchangers
- \checkmark 7% EE improvements on the furnaces,
- ✓ 4% cross-cutting measures such as variable speed drives

(Source: EU-Merci Project, 2017)



Process design and

optimisation; 38%

EAP4



Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development

and control systems; 4% Fossil fuel CHP; 4%

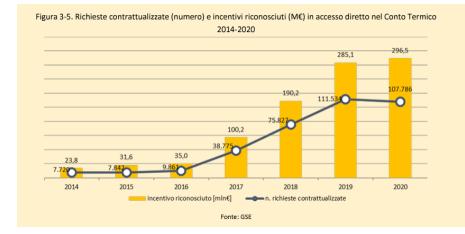
Variable speed drives; 6%

National Energy Efficiency schemes and programmes targeted also to SMEs

• Renewable energy for heating and cooling support scheme: subsidy for energy efficiency and renewable heating measures, mainly aimed to buildings and not on industrial processes.

No disaggregation of results!

• National Energy Efficiency Fund: investment fund providing incentives to public authorities and businesses, granting soft loans and guaranteeing financing operations for energy efficiency measures









National Energy Efficiency schemes and programmes targeted also to SMEs Energy Intensive Industry programme

- All the energy-intensive companies (Large or SMEs) subjected to partial tax relief in the purchased electricity (registered in the list of the Environmental Energy Services Fund) are obliged to carry out energy audits.
- They are characterized by high electricity consumption (relatively to their internal costs and higher than 1GWh/y) and belongs to specific industrial sectors.
- ✓ According to the Legislative Decree 73/2020 they are obliged to implement at least one of the energy efficiency measures identified in the energy audit.
- ✓ At the end of July 2020 an overall number of 2845 energy audits regarding 2546 SMEs had been submitted to ENEA. The 94% of those are manufacturing SMEs, with an overall consumption of about 8.8 Mtoe.







National Energy Efficiency schemes and programmes targeted also to SMEs Energy Intensive Industry programme

2845 Energy Audits (2546 Companies) –July 2020

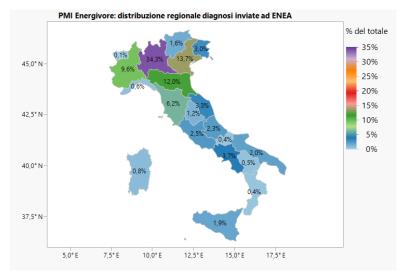
- ✓ 14% Micro
- ✓ 40% Small
- ✓ 46% Medium

94% Manufacturing SMEs (overall consumption 8,8Mtoe)

- ✓ Global savings of 102 ktoe/year corresponding to about to 1.1% of the total consumption of SMEs and to 14% of the total savings from interventions by Large and Energy-intensive Companies.
- ✓ 60% of the interventions in three areas: lighting (26%), production lines (17%) and general interventions (15%) which include the installation of monitoring systems, ISO 50001 etc.







Regional actions to support the implementation of energy audits for SMEs

- Promotion and support for energy audits in SMEs in Italy was mainly entrusted to the regions
- ✓ Italian regions, since 2016, have promoted and supported the carrying out of energy audits in SMEs through the co-financing of national funds or using European funds
- ✓ In 2015, EUR 15 million was made available for the co-financing of regional incentive programmes for energy audits of SMEs or the adoption of energy management systems in accordance with ISO 50001. A further EUR 15 million was provided by the Regions. Altogether the funding covered 50 % of the energy audit costs.







Regional actions to support the implementation of energy audits for SMEs

Impact of regional calls

- Not all Italian regions have joined the calls and among those that have implemented a regional call only Lombardy (234 companies), Sardinia (58 companies, 29 of which also reported EE interventions) and Campania (56 companies audits and funded interventions) have achieved concrete and satisfactory results.
- Good results obtained in few regions are mainly due to the fact that the regional calls also included the financing of the energy efficiency intervention implemented after the audits.
- ✓ The call of the Emilia Romagna region has obtained good results (156 financed companies) thanks to the extension to 100% of the contribution for the costs for the realization of the EAs or for the adoption of ISO 50001 and the establishment of a Subsidized Finance Fund aimed at supporting companies also for the realization of EE interventions.







Innovation policies devoted to SMEs

Objective	Target	Measure	Link				
		Capital goods support scheme (Nuova Sabatini)	https://www.mise.gov.it/index.php/i t/incentivi/impresa/beni- strumentali-nuova-sabatini				
Innovation	SMEs	Sustainable Investments 4.0	https://www.mise.gov.it/index.php/i t/incentivi/impresa/investimenti- sostenibili-4-0				
innovation		Guarantee Fund for SMEs	https://www.fondidigaranzia.it/				
		Italy's National Strategy for innovative start-ups and SMEs	https://www.mise.gov.it/index.php/i t/per-l-impresa/innovazione2				





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Conclusions

- Energy efficiency and innovation in the SMEs have been recently recognized as crucial as demonstrated by the development of several policies. Most of the policies are voluntary agreements focused on economic aspects (mainly grants, loans and tax deductions), with a scarcity of informative programmes.
- ✓ Further effort in monitoring and harmonizing the information on the impact of national and regional policies on SMEs could help policy makers to evaluate their effectiveness and weakness.
- In the case of policies not only targeted to SMEs, the comparison of results and cost effectiveness between SMEs and large enterprises could provide insights for better tailoring existing measures and removing barriers.
- Innovation in SMEs can also be considered as a driver for energy efficiency while increasing competitiveness in SMEs towards the energy transition. Monitoring system for innovation policies aimed at identifying the direct and indirect energy efficiency impacts linked to innovation would help in reinforcing this interaction and quantify the associated multiple benefits.









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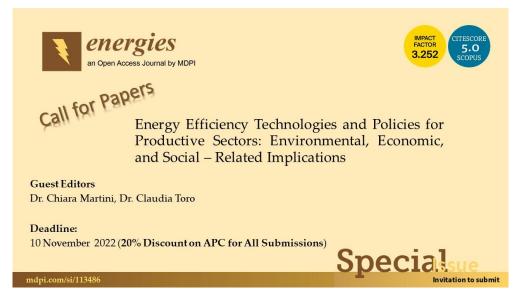
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